
emodpy

Institute for Disease Modeling

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emodpy is a collection of Python scripts and utilities created to streamline user interactions with EMOD and idmtools. Additional functionality for interacting with EMOD is provided in the [emod_api package](#) and [idmtools](#) packages.

See [Welcome to idmtools](#) for a diagram showing how idmtools and each of the related packages are used in an end-to-end workflow using EMOD as the disease transmission model.

INSTALLATION

You can install emodpy in two different ways. If you intend to use emodpy as IDM builds it, follow the instructions in *Basic installation*. However, if you intend to modify the emodpy source code to add new functionality, follow the instructions in *Developer installation*. Whichever installation method you choose, the prerequisites are the same.

1.1 Prerequisites

- Windows 10 Pro or Enterprise
- Python 3.9 64-bit (<https://www.python.org/downloads/release>)
- Python virtual environments

Python virtual environments enable you to isolate your Python environments from one another and give you the option to run multiple versions of Python on the same computer. When using a virtual environment, you can indicate the version of Python you want to use and the packages you want to install, which will remain separate from other Python environments. You may use `virtualenv`, which requires a separate installation, but `venv` is recommended and included with Python 3.3+.

1.1.1 Basic installation

Follow the steps below if you will use `idmtools` to run and analyze simulations, but will not make source code changes.

1. Open a command prompt and create a virtual environment in any directory you choose. The command below names the environment “emodpy”, but you may use any desired name:

```
python -m venv emodpy
```

2. Activate the virtual environment:

- On Windows, enter the following:

```
emodpy\Scripts\activate
```

- On Linux, enter the following:

```
source emodpy/bin/activate
```

3. Install `idmtools` packages:

```
pip install emodpy --index-url=https://packages.idmod.org/api/pypi/pypi-production/  
↪simple
```

4. Verify installation by pulling up idmtools help:

```
emodpy --help
```

5. When you are finished, deactivate the virtual environment by entering the following at a command prompt:

```
deactivate
```

1.1.2 Developer installation

Follow the steps below if you will make changes to the idmtools source code to add new functionality.

Install idmtools

1. Install a Git client such as Git Bash or the Git GUI.
2. Open a command prompt and clone the idmtools GitHub repository to a local directory using the following command:

```
git clone https://github.com/InstituteforDiseaseModeling/emodpy-idmtools.git
```

To work **from the** latest approved code, work **from the** "master" branch. To work **from the** latest code under active development, work **from the** "dev" branch.

3. Open a command prompt and create a virtual environment in any directory you choose. The command below names the environment "emodpy", but you may use any desired name:

```
python -m venv emodpy
```

4. Activate the virtual environment:
 - On Windows, enter the following:

```
emodpy\Scripts\activate
```

- On Linux, enter the following:

```
source emodpy/bin/activate
```

5. In the base directory of the cloned GitHub repository, run the setup script.

- On Windows, enter the following:

```
pip install py-make  
pymake setup-dev
```

- On Linux, enter the following:

```
make setup-dev
```

6. To verify that idmtools is installed, enter the following command:

```
emodpy --help
```

You should see a list of available cookie cutter projects and command-line options.

Run tests

If you want to run tests on the code, do the following. You can add new tests to the GitHub repository and they will be run using the same commands. Note that COMPS access is generally restricted to IDM employees.

1. Login to COMPS by navigating to the idmtools root directory and entering the following at a command prompt:

```
python dev_scripts\create_auth_token_args.py --comps_url https://comps2.idmod.org --  
↪username yourcomps_user --password yourcomps_password
```

2. If you are running the local platform with the nightly idmtools build, enter the following to log in to Docker:

```
docker login idm-docker-staging.packages.idmod.org
```

3. Navigate to the directory containing the code you want to test, such as the root directory or a subdirectory like emodpy_platform_comps, enter the following command:

```
pymake test-all
```


CREATE SIMULATIONS

Contents

- *Overview*
- *Model Configuration*
- *Demographics*
- *Campaign*
- *Triggered Campaigns*
- *Reports*

2.1 Overview

Creating a simulation generally consists of 4 parts: - Creating the model configuration - Defining the demographics (and migration) - Building the campaign - Configuring your reports

2.2 Model Configuration

Model configuration starts with the schema which is provided along with the model binary in a emod-disease module, e.g., emod-measles. The emod-api module, a dependency of emodpy, provides the functionality to go from schema to configuration. You will pass a config builder function to the `emod_task.from_default2` function here in emodpy.

2.3 Demographics

Model configuration almost always includes some kind of specification of the demographics you want to model, even if it's just the number of people in your sim. You will do this in a demographics builder function which also gets passed to `emod_task.from_default2`. A working demographics configuration can be created from `emod-api.demographics` functionality, but most emodpy-disease modules have a demographics submodule with disease-specific capabilities.

2.4 Campaign

After specifying the details of your disease and the people in your simulation, you'll soon want to start adding interventions. This is done in a campaign builder function, often called `build_camp`, but can be named what you want. You will also pass this function to `emod_task.from_default2()`. Your campaign will be built up from calls to intervention-specific functions in your `emodpy-disease.interventions` submodule. Though `emod-api.interventions` has some very simple starter functionality, like the ability to seed an outbreak which is important.

A campaign will consist of scheduled campaign events and/or triggered campaign events.

A scheduled campaign event results in an intervention being distributed to people (or nodes) at a given time. And possibly repeated.

A triggered campaign event listens for triggers or signals and distributes an intervention to individuals at that time.

2.5 Triggered Campaigns

Triggered campaigns are a very powerful and popular way to build campaigns in EMOD. This is very much like a publish-subscribe (pub-sub) architecture for those familiar with that, or the signals and slots design in Qt. There are two kinds of signals (sometimes called events or triggers) that are published (or broadcast): model signals and campaign signals. Model signals are built right into the code and occur on events like births, birthdays, deaths, new infections, etc. The exact list varies depending on the particular disease you are working with. For a complete list, see the documentation for your `emodpy-disease.intervention` submodule. Campaign signals are published based on your campaign setup. Some interventions have default signals, like perhaps `'PositiveTestResult'`, but users can use ad-hoc signals that are previously unknown to the model. Any published signal can then be listened to by another campaign event. So for example you can distribute a diagnostic which listens for a `'NewInfection'` signal from the model, and publishes a `'Tested_Positive_For_Pox'` signal in the case of a positive test (which is going to be very likely if it's responding to `NewInfection` signals but let's skip that for now). Then you can distribute a therapeutic intervention that listens for your `'Tested_Positive_For_Pox'` signal. These would all be done with the `TriggeredCampaignEvent` function in `emod-api.interventions.common`.

2.6 Reports

Once you have your disease model configured, your human demographics set up, your campaign details added, you'll want to get some outputs using built-in or plugin reporters. Some disease models rely on single, catch-all report or output file, while other diseases have a veritable panoply of reporters. These are configured very much like the model itself, where the schema provides parameters with default values and you will set specific parameters. Some complex reports have helper functions in `emodpy-disease` submodules.

CREATE INPUT FILES

RUN SIMULATIONS

CALIBRATE SIMULATIONS

PARAMETER SWEEPS AND MODEL ITERATION

Contents

- *Parameter sweeps for model calibration*
- *Parameter sweeps and stochasticity*
- *How to do parameter sweeps*

6.1 Parameter sweeps for model calibration

(more info) For more information on model calibration, see *Calibrate simulations*.

6.2 Parameter sweeps and stochasticity

With a stochastic model (such as EMOD), it is especially important to utilize parameter sweeps, not only for calibration to data or parameter selection, but to fully explore the stochasticity in output. Single model runs may appear to provide good fits to data, but variation will arise and multiple runs are necessary to determine the appropriate range of parameter values necessary to achieve desired outcomes. Multiple iterations of a single set of parameter values should be run to determine trends in simulation output: a single simulation output could provide results that are due to random chance.

6.3 How to do parameter sweeps

INTRODUCTION TO ANALYZERS

OUTPUT REPORTS

SERIALIZATION

10.1 emodpy package

10.1.1 Subpackages

emodpy.analyzers package

Submodules

emodpy.analyzers.adult_vectors_analyzer module

class emodpy.analyzers.adult_vectors_analyzer.**AdultVectorsAnalyzer**(*name='hi'*)

Bases: `idmtools.entities.ianalyzer.IAnalyzer`

initialize()

Call once after the analyzer has been added to the `AnalyzeManager`.

Add everything depending on the working directory or unique ID here instead of in `__init__`.

map(*data: Any, item: idmtools.core.interfaces.item.Item*) → *Any*

In parallel for each simulation/work item, consume raw data from filenames and emit selected data.

Parameters

- **data** – A dictionary associating filename with content for simulation data.
- **item** – `IItem` object that the passed data is associated with.

Returns Selected data for the given simulation/work item.

reduce(*all_data: dict*) → *Any*

Combine the `map()` data for a set of items into an aggregate result.

Parameters **all_data** – A dictionary with entries for the item ID and selected data.

emodpy.analyzers.population_analyzer module**class** emodpy.analyzers.population_analyzer.**PopulationAnalyzer**(*name='idm'*)Bases: `idmtools.entities.ianalyzer.IAnalyzer`**initialize**()Call once after the analyzer has been added to the `AnalyzeManager`.Add everything depending on the working directory or unique ID here instead of in `__init__`.**map**(*data: Any, item: idmtools.core.interfaces.item.Item*) → *Any*

In parallel for each simulation/work item, consume raw data from filenames and emit selected data.

Parameters

- **data** – A dictionary associating filename with content for simulation data.
- **item** – `IItem` object that the passed data is associated with.

Returns Selected data for the given simulation/work item.**reduce**(*all_data: dict*) → *Any*Combine the `map()` data for a set of items into an aggregate result.**Parameters** **all_data** – A dictionary with entries for the item ID and selected data.**emodpy.analyzers.timeseries_analyzer module****class** emodpy.analyzers.timeseries_analyzer.**TimeseriesAnalyzer**(*filenames=['output/InsetChart.json'],
channels=('Statistical Population',
'Infectious Population', 'Infected',
'Waning Population'),
save_output=True*)Bases: `idmtools.entities.ianalyzer.IAnalyzer`**data_group_names** = ['group', 'sim_id', 'channel']**ordered_levels** = ['channel', 'group', 'sim_id']**output_file** = 'timeseries.csv'**initialize**()Call once after the analyzer has been added to the `AnalyzeManager`.Add everything depending on the working directory or unique ID here instead of in `__init__`.**default_select_fn**(*ts*)**default_group_fn**(*k, v*)**default_plot_fn**(*df, ax*)**default_filter_fn**(*md*)**filter**(*simulation*)

Decide whether the analyzer should process a simulation/work item.

Parameters **item** – An `IItem` to be considered for processing with this analyzer.**Returns** A Boolean indicating whether simulation/work item should be analyzed by this analyzer.**get_channel_data**(*data_by_channel, selected_channels*)

map(*data, simulation*)

In parallel for each simulation/work item, consume raw data from filenames and emit selected data.

Parameters

- **data** – A dictionary associating filename with content for simulation data.
- **item** – IItem object that the passed data is associated with.

Returns Selected data for the given simulation/work item.

plot_by_channel(*channels, plot_fn*)

reduce(*all_data*)

Combine the *map()* data for a set of items into an aggregate result.

Parameters **all_data** – A dictionary with entries for the item ID and selected data.

emodpy.defaults package

Subpackages

emodpy.defaults.ep4 package

Submodules

emodpy.defaults.ep4.dtk_in_process module

emodpy.defaults.ep4.dtk_in_process.**application**(*timestep*)

emodpy.defaults.ep4.dtk_post_process module

emodpy.defaults.ep4.dtk_post_process.**application**(*output_path*)

emodpy.defaults.ep4.dtk_pre_process module

emodpy.defaults.ep4.dtk_pre_process.**convert_plugin_reports**(*config_json*)

emodpy.defaults.ep4.dtk_pre_process.**application**(*json_config_path*)

Submodules

emodpy.defaults.emod_sir module

class emodpy.defaults.emod_sir.**EMODSir**

Bases: *emodpy.defaults.iemod_default.IEMODDefault*

static config(*erad_path*) → Dict

static campaign() → *emodpy.emod_campaign.EMODCampaign*

static demographics() → Dict

emodpy.defaults.iemod_default module

```
class emodpy.defaults.iemod_default.IEMODDefault
    Bases: object
    config(erad_path) → Dict
    campaign() → Dict
    demographics() → Dict
    process_simulation(simulation)
```

emodpy.generic package

Submodules

emodpy.generic.serialization module

```
emodpy.generic.serialization.enable_serialization(task: emodpy.emod_task.EMODTask,
                                                  use_absolute_times: bool = False)
    Enable serialization either by TIME or TIMESTEP based on use_absolute_times :param task: Task to enable
    :param use_absolute_times: When true, Serialization_Type will be set to TIME, otherwise it will be set to :param
    *TIMESTEP*:
```

Returns:

```
emodpy.generic.serialization.add_serialization_timesteps(task: emodpy.emod_task.EMODTask,
                                                         timesteps: List[int], end_at_final: bool =
                                                         False, use_absolute_times: bool = False)
```

Serialize the population of this simulation at specified time steps.

If the simulation is run on multiple cores, multiple files will be created.

Parameters

- **task** (*EMODTask*) – An EMODSimulation
- **timesteps** (*List[int]*) – Array of integers representing the time steps to use
- **end_at_final** (*bool*) – False means set the simulation duration such that the last serialized_population file ends the simulation. NOTE- may not work if time step size is not 1
- **use_absolute_times** (*bool*) – False means the method will define simulation times instead of time steps see documentation on *Serialization_Type* for details

Returns None

```
emodpy.generic.serialization.load_serialized_population(task: emodpy.emod_task.EMODTask,
                                                         population_path: str,
                                                         population_filenames: List[str])
```

Sets simulation to load a serialized population from the filesystem

Parameters

- **task** (*EMODTask*) – An EMODSimulation
- **population_path** (*str*) – relative path from the working directory to the location of the serialized population files.
- **population_filenames** (*List[str]*) – names of files in question

Returns None

emodpy.interventions package

Submodules

emodpy.interventions.emod_empty_campaign module

```
class emodpy.interventions.emod_empty_campaign.EMODEmptyCampaign
    Bases: emodpy.defaults.iemod_default.IEMODDefault
    static campaign() → emodpy.emod_campaign.EMODCampaign
```

emodpy.reporters package

Submodules

emodpy.reporters.base module

```
class emodpy.reporters.base.BaseReporter
```

Bases: `object`

abstract `to_dict()`

from_dict(*data*)

Function allowing to initialize a Reporter instance with data. This function is called when reading a *custom_reports.json* file.

```
class emodpy.reporters.base.CustomReporter(name: typing.Optional[str] = None, Enabled: bool = True,
                                           Reports: list = <factory>, dll_file: typing.Optional[str] =
                                           None)
```

Bases: *emodpy.reporters.base.BaseReporter*

This class represents a custom reporter. - `name`: Name that will be added to the *custom_reports.json* file and should match the DLL's class name - `Enabled`: True/False to enable/disable the reporter - `Reports`: Default section present in the *custom_reports.json* file allowing to configure the reporter - `dll_file`: Filename of the dll containing the reporter. This file will be searched in the dll folder specified by the user on the *EMODTask.reporters*.

name: `str = None`

Enabled: `bool = True`

Reports: `list`

dll_file: `str = None`

to_dict() → `Dict`

Export the reporter to a dictionary. This function is called when serializing the reporter before writing the *custom_reports.json* file.

enable()

disable()

```
class emodpy.reporters.base.BuiltInReporter(class_name: str = None, parameters: dict = <factory>,
                                           Enabled: bool = True, Pretty_Format: bool = True)
```

Bases: *emodpy.reporters.base.BaseReporter*

class_name: `str` = None

parameters: `dict`

Enabled: `bool` = True

Pretty_Format: `bool` = True

to_dict()

from_dict(data)

Function allowing to initialize a Reporter instance with data. This function is called when reading a *custom_reports.json* file.

class emodpy.reporters.base.**Reporters**(*relative_path='reporter_plugins'*)

Bases: *emodpy.emod_file.InputFilesList*

add_reporter(*reporter*)

property json

property empty

add_dll(*dll_path: str*)

Add a dll file from a path

Parameters **dll_path** – Path to file

Returns:

add_dll_folder(*dll_folder: str*)

Add all the dll files from a folder

Parameters **dll_folder** – Folder to add the dll file from

Returns:

read_custom_reports_file(*custom_reports_path, extra_classes=[]*) → NoReturn

Read from a custom reporter file

Parameters **custom_reports_path** – The custom reports file to add(single file).

set_task_config(*task: EMODTask*) → NoReturn

Set task config

Parameters **task** – Task to configure

Returns:

gather_assets(***kwargs*) → List[jdmtools.assets.asset.Asset]

Gather input files for Input File List

Returns:

emodpy.reporters.builtin module

class emodpy.reporters.builtin.**ReportNodeDemographics**(*class_name: str =*

'ReportNodeDemographics', parameters: dict = <factory>, Enabled: bool = True, Pretty_Format: bool = True, Stratify_By_Gender: bool = False, Age_Bins: list = <factory>)

Bases: *emodpy.reporters.base.BuiltInReporter*


```

Stratify_By_Gender: bool = False
Age_Bins: list
class_name: str = 'ReportNodeDemographics'

```

```

class emodpy.reporters.builtin.ReportHumanMigrationTracking(class_name: str = None, parameters: dict = <factory>, Enabled: bool = True, Pretty_Format: bool = True)

Bases: emodpy.reporters.base.BuiltInReporter

config(config_builder, manifest)

parameters: dict

```

emodpy.reporters.custom module

```

class emodpy.reporters.custom.ReportAgeAtInfectionHistogramPlugin(name: str = 'ReportPluginAgeAtInfectionHistogram', Enabled: bool = True, Reports: list = <factory>, dll_file: str = 'libReportAgeAtInfectionHistogram_plugin.dll', age_bins: list = <factory>, interval_years: int = <factory>)

Bases: emodpy.reporters.base.CustomReporter

name: str = 'ReportPluginAgeAtInfectionHistogram'
dll_file: str = 'libReportAgeAtInfectionHistogram_plugin.dll'
Reports: list
age_bins: list
interval_years: int

```

```

class emodpy.reporters.custom.ReportHumanMigrationTracking(name: str = 'ReportHumanMigrationTracking', Enabled: bool = True, Reports: list = <factory>, dll_file: str = 'libhumanmigrationtracking.dll')

Bases: emodpy.reporters.base.CustomReporter

```

The human migration tracking report is a CSV-formatted report that provides details about human travel during simulations. The finished report will provide one line for each surviving individual that migrates during the simulation. There are no special parameters that need to be configured to generate the report.

```

name: str = 'ReportHumanMigrationTracking'
dll_file: str = 'libhumanmigrationtracking.dll'
Reports: list

```

```

class emodpy.reporters.custom.ReportNodeDemographics(name: str = 'ReportNodeDemographics', Enabled: bool = True, Reports: list = <factory>, dll_file: str = 'libReportNodeDemographics.dll')

Bases: emodpy.reporters.base.CustomReporter

```

The node demographics report is a CSV-formatted report that provides population information stratified by node. For each time step, the report will collect data on each node and age bin.

name: `str = 'ReportNodeDemographics'`

dll_file: `str = 'libReportNodeDemographics.dll'`

configure_report(*age_bins=None, ip_key_to_collect="", stratify_by_gender=1*)

Creates the report and sets up the parameters.

Parameters

- **age_bins** – The Age Bins (in years) to aggregate within and report; an empty array implies ‘do not stratify by age.’
- **ip_key_to_collect** – The name of the IndividualProperty key to stratify by; an empty string implies ‘do not stratify by IP.’
- **stratify_by_gender** – Set to true (1) to stratify by gender; a value of 0 will not stratify by gender.

Returns Nothing

```
class emodpy.reporters.custom.ReportEventCounter(name: str = 'ReportEventCounter', Enabled: bool = True, Reports: list = <factory>, dll_file: str = 'libreporteventcounter.dll')
```

Bases: *emodpy.reporters.base.CustomReporter*

The event counter report is a JSON-formatted file that keeps track of how many of each event types occurs during a time step. The report produced is similar to the InsetChart.json channel report, where there is one channel for each event defined in the configuration file (config.json).

name: `str = 'ReportEventCounter'`

dll_file: `str = 'libreporteventcounter.dll'`

configure_report(*duration_days=10000, event_trigger_list=None, nodes=None, report_description="", start_day=0*)

Create the report and set up the parameters.

Parameters

- **duration_days** – The duration of simulation days over which to report events.
- **event_trigger_list** – The list of event triggers for the events included in the report.
- **nodes** – The list of nodes in which to track the events, setting it to None or [] tracks all nodes.
- **report_description** – Name of the report (it augments the filename of the report). If multiple CSV reports are being generated, this allows the user to distinguish one report from another.
- **start_day** – The day to start collecting data for the report.

Returns Nothing

10.1.2 Submodules

emodpy.bamboo module

`emodpy.bamboo.get_model_files(plan, manifest, scheduled_builds_only=True, skip_build_schema=True)`

emodpy.bamboo_api_utils module

`emodpy.bamboo_api_utils.bamboo_connection()`

class `emodpy.bamboo_api_utils.BambooConnection`

Bases: `object`

Bamboo API config and basic functionality/connectivity wrapper.

Automatically probes the most likely endpoint locations (with and without https, with and without port numbers).

Important functions:

- `login`: logs into the bamboo api, caches the login token so you don't have to pass creds for every req. in a session
- `get_bamboo_api_url`: translate a relative API URL into a fully qualified URL
- `normalize_url`: detect whether a URL is relative or not, translate relative URLs to fully qualified ones
- `make_get_request`: makes a request to the specified API url, adds some convenient error and login handling
- `download_file`: downloads a file from the specified artifacts url to a location on disk

property server: `str`

`str`: Keeps track of a single instance of the server base url. (e.g. `http://idm-bamboo:8085`)

property session_cookie: `<module 'requests.cookies' from '/home/docs/checkouts/readthedocs.org/user_builds/institute-for-disease-modeling-emodpy/envs/latest/lib/python3.7/site-packages/requests/cookies.py'>`

`str`: Automatically load and instance the login session cookie jar.

get_server_url(`ssl: bool = True, useport: bool = False`) `→ str`

Get a particular variant of the server url w/ or w/o ssl and port (e.g. `False/False` -> `http://idm-bamboo`)

Parameters

- `ssl` (`bool`) – whether to use ssl, default to using ssl
- `useport` (`bool`) – whether to use the port, default to not use port

Returns endpoint url

Return type `str`

find_server() `→ str`

Explore all possible server urls, return the first one found to exist.

Returns server url

Return type `str`

url_exists(`url: str`) `→ bool`

Try a simple get request given an endpoint url, return whether it was successful (code 200).

Parameters `url` (`str`) – url to issue a test request to

Returns whether or not a request to the url succeeds (w/ status 200)

Return type `bool`

property session_cookie_filename: `str`

File where bamboo session cookie is stored.

Returns fully qualified file path of session cookie file

Return type `str`

load_session_cookie() → `<module 'requests.cookies' from
'/home/docs/checkouts/readthedocs.org/user_builds/institute-for-disease-modeling-
emodpy/envs/latest/lib/python3.7/site-packages/requests/cookies.py'>`

Load api login session cookies from disk.

Returns session cookie jar

Return type `requests.cookies`

write_session_cookie(*cookies:* `<module 'requests.cookies' from
'/home/docs/checkouts/readthedocs.org/user_builds/institute-for-disease-modeling-
emodpy/envs/latest/lib/python3.7/site-packages/requests/cookies.py'>`)

Write post-login cookies for session to disk.

get_bamboo_url(*relative_url:* `str`) → `str`

Add bamboo server, port, and protocol to bamboo url.

Parameters **relative_url** (`str`) – relative url (artifact link or api url)

Returns fully qualified url

Return type `str`

get_bamboo_api_url(*relative_url:* `str`, *json:* `bool = False`, *params:* `dict = {}`) → `str`

Get fully qualified bamboo api url from a relative url w/ given json mode and appending all parameters.

Parameters

- **relative_url** (`str`) – api url (e.g. `project/<project-key>`)
- **json** (`bool`) – whether to get results in json format (otherwise, default is xml)
- **params** (`dict`) – name/value dictionary of query parameters

Returns fully qualified url that a request can be issued against

Return type `str`

save_credentials(*username:* `str`, *password:* `str`)

Save bamboo api login credentials using keyring.

Parameters

- **username** (`str`) – bamboo api login username (e.g. `somebody@idmod.org`)
- **password** (`str`) – bamboo api login password

ensure_logged_in()

Check if a login session exists using saved cookies, if not login using keyring stored creds.

login_session_exists() → `bool`

Test whether an existing session cookie exists and an active login session exists.

Returns whether an active login session exists

Return type `bool`

login(*username: Optional[str] = None, password=None*) → bool

Login to the bamboo api. If username or password are not provided, use stored credentials from keyring.

Parameters

- **username** (*str*) – bamboo api login username (e.g. `somebody@idmod.org`)
- **password** (*str*) – bamboo api login password

Returns success/failure

Return type bool

normalize_url(*url: str*) → str

Determine whether a url is relative or fully qualified, translate relative urls to fully qualified versions.

Parameters **url** (*str*) – relative or fully qualified url

Returns fully qualified url

Return type str

make_get_request(*url: str, retries: int = 3*) → requests.models.Response

Make a get request against the bamboo server.

Parameters **url** (*str*) – relative or fully qualified url

Returns request object returned from requests.get()

Return type requests.Response

make_api_get_request(*relative_url: str, json: bool = False, params: dict = {}*) → requests.models.Response

Translate relative api url to the fully qualified bamboo api url, make a get request against it.

Parameters

- **relative_url** (*str*) – url relative to the bamboo api endpoint (e.g. `'result/MYPROJ-MYPLAN/123'`) to make the request against
- **json** (*bool*) – whether to return results in json
- **params** (*dict*) – name/value dictionary of additional parameters to pass

Returns request object returned from requests.get()

Return type requests.Response

download_file(*url: str, destination: str*) → list

Download a specific artifact file (from the full artifact url provided) to disk.

Streams the download to avoid common 'gotchas' with downloading via http.

Parameters

- **url** (*str*) – url to download
- **destination** (*str*) – destination path or filename where the artifact is to be downloaded to

Returns local filename of file that has been downloaded

Return type (*str*)

class emodpy.bamboo_api_utils.**BuildInfo**

Bases: object

A collection of methods for getting data on build results.

classmethod `build_passed(plan_key: str, build_num: int) → bool`

Determine whether a given build succeeded or not.

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **build_num** (*int*) – build number to retrieve results for

Returns whether the build succeeded

Return type `bool`

static `successful_build_result(result) → bool`

Analyze a build result json object and determine if it corresponds to a successful build

Parameters **result** – json build result

Returns whether the build was successful

Return type `bool`

static `get_build_info(plan_key: str, index: int)`

Retrieve the build info in json format for a given build plan with a relative index (0=latest)

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **index** (*int*) – index of build to retrieve info for (0=latest, 1=2nd most recent, etc.)

Returns build info results json

classmethod `get_latest_successful_build(plan_key: str, scheduled_only: bool = True, max_iterations: int = 100)`

Find the latest successful build within the last `max_iterations` builds for a given plan.

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **scheduled_only** (*bool*) – only count automatically run scheduled or triggered builds as successful
- **max_iterations** (*int*) – maximum number of older builds to look through

Returns

tuple containing: `build_num` (*str*): build number of last successful build `build_info`: json data structure of build info for that build

Return type (`tuple`)

classmethod `get_latest_build(plan_key: str)`

Get the build info for the most recently run build for a given plan.

Parameters **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)

Returns

tuple containing: `build_num` (*str*): build number of last successful build `build_info`: json data structure of build info for that build

Return type (`tuple`)

class `emodpy.bamboo_api_utils.BuildArtifacts`

Bases: `object`

A collection of methods for finding and interacting with build artifacts.

```
ERADICATION_EXE = 'Eradication.exe'
```

```
SCHEMA_JSON = 'schema.json'
```

```
REPORTER_PLUGINS = 'Reporter-Plugins'
```

```
classmethod find_artifacts_by_name(plan_key: str, build_num: int, artifact: str) → list
```

Find all urls for files of an artifact of a given name for a specific build.

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **build_num** (*int*) – build number to retrieve artifact urls for
- **artifact** (*str*) – artifact name/id

Returns list of artifact urls that can be downloaded

Return type (*list of str*)

```
classmethod find_artifacts(plan_key: str, build_num: int, artifact_list: list) → list
```

Find all urls for files of a list of artifacts for a specific build.

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **build_num** (*int*) – build number to retrieve artifact urls for
- **artifact_list** (*list*) – list of artifact names/ids

Returns list of artifact urls that can be downloaded

Return type (*list of str*)

```
classmethod find_build_essential_artifacts(plan_key: str, build_num: int) → list
```

Find all ‘build essential’ artifact urls (Eradication, schema, reporters) for a specific build

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **build_num** (*int*) – build number to retrieve artifact urls for

Returns list of artifact urls that can be downloaded

Return type (*list of str*)

```
classmethod find_all_artifacts(plan_key: str, build_num: int) → list
```

Find all artifact urls (Eradication, schema, reporters) for a specific build

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **build_num** (*int*) – build number to retrieve artifact urls for

Returns list of artifact urls that can be downloaded

Return type (*list of str*)

```
classmethod find_all_artifact_names(plan_key: str, build_num: int) → list
```

Find all artifact names (e.g. ‘Eradication.exe’) for a specific build (can be plugged into find_artifacts() to get actual urls that can be downloaded)

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **build_num** (*int*) – build number to retrieve artifact urls for

Returns list of artifact names that can be downloaded

Return type (*list of str*)

classmethod **download_artifact_to_file**(*plan_key: str, build_num: int, artifact, destination: str*) → *list*

Download files found for a named artifact to the filepath provided.

Additional files found will be downloaded as *_2, _3, _4*, etc. For example, if there are 3 files for 'Eradication.exe' the first will be Eradication.exe, the second will be Eradication_2.exe, the third Eradication_3.exe.

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **build_num** (*int*) – build number to retrieve artifact urls for
- **artifact** (*list or str*) – list (or string) of artifact names
- **destination** (*str*) – destination path or filename where the artifact is to be downloaded to

Returns list of local filenames of files that have been downloaded

Return type (*list of str*)

classmethod **download_artifacts_to_path**(*plan_key: str, build_num: int, artifact, destination_path: str*) → *list*

Download all the files for a given artifact and build to a specific folder, using their original filenames.

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **build_num** (*int*) – build number to retrieve artifact urls for
- **artifact** (*list or str*) – list (or string) of artifact names
- **destination_path** (*str*) – path to destination folder where files are to be downloaded

Returns list of local filenames of files that have been downloaded

Return type (*list of str*)

classmethod **download_latest_good_Eradication_exe**(*plan_key: str, destination: str*) → *str*

Find the latest successful build for a specified plan, download the Eradication.exe artifact to a specified path.

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **destination** (*str*) – destination path or filename where the artifact is to be downloaded to

Returns build number of build that was found and had its artifact downloaded

Return type *str*

classmethod **download_latest_good_schema_json**(*plan_key: str, destination: str*) → *str*

Find the latest successful build for a specified plan, download the schema.json artifact to a specified path.

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **destination** (*str*) – destination path or filename where the artifact is to be downloaded to

Returns build number of build that was found and had its artifact downloaded

Return type *str*

classmethod **download_eradication_exe**(*plan_key: str, build_num: str, destination: str*) → *str*
Download Eradication.exe artifact from a specific build.

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **build_num** (*str*) – build number to download from
- **destination** (*str*) – destination path or filename where the artifact is to be downloaded to

classmethod **make_exe_executable**(*file_path: str*)
On linux change the file permissions on a binary to make it executable

Parameters **file_path** (*str*) – binary file to mark as executable

classmethod **download_schema_json**(*plan_key: str, build_num: str, destination: str*) → *str*
Download schema.json artifact from a specific build.

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)
- **build_num** (*str*) – build number to download from
- **destination** (*str*) – destination path or filename where the artifact is to be downloaded to

classmethod **download_from_bamboo_url**(*url: str, destination: str*)
Download Eradication.exe/Eradication directly from bamboo url Assume you already done login

Parameters

- **url** –
- **destination** (*str*) – destination path or filename where the artifact is to be downloaded to

Returns local file path that have been downloaded

Return type *str*

class `emodpy.bamboo_api_utils.BuildPlans`

Bases: `object`

Collection of methods for getting information on build plans.

static **export_spec**(*plan_key: str*) → *str*
Export a specific build plan to java specs.

Parameters **plan_key** (*str*) – bamboo plan key (including project key)

Returns full text of the .java file for the plan spec, if the plan was found (empty string if not)

Return type *str*

static **get_plans_for_project**(*project_key: str*) → *list*
Return a list of all the build plans for every plan in the project.

Parameters `project_key` (*str*) – bamboo project key

Returns list of plan keys for each plan that was found in the project

Return type (*list of str*)

`emodpy.bamboo_api_utils.login(username=None, password=None)`

Pass through to `BambooConnection.login()`

`emodpy.bamboo_api_utils.save_credentials(username, password)`

Pass through to `BambooConnection.save_credentials()`

emodpy.collections_utils module

`emodpy.collections_utils.cut_iterable_to(obj: Iterable, to: int) → Tuple[Union[List, Mapping], int]`

Cut an iterable to a certain length.

Parameters

- **obj** – The iterable to cut.
- **to** – The number of elements to return.

Returns A list or dictionary (depending on the type of object) of elements and the remaining elements in the original list or dictionary.

`emodpy.collections_utils.deep_get(d, key, default: Optional[callable] = None, getter: Optional[callable] = None, sep: str = '.')`

`emodpy.collections_utils.deep_set(d, key, value, default: Optional[callable] = None, getter: Optional[callable] = None, setter: Optional[callable] = None, sep: str = '.')`

`emodpy.collections_utils.deep_del(d: dict, key, getter: Optional[callable] = None, deleter: Optional[callable] = None, sep: str = '.')`

emodpy.emod_campaign module

class `emodpy.emod_campaign.EMODCampaign(name='Campaign', events=None, use_defaults=True, **kwargs)`
Bases: `object`

Class representing an EMOD Campaign. It contains: - `events`: a list of events for the given campaign - `name`: campaign name - `use_defaults`: EMOD flag to use defaults for unspecified parameters - `extra_parameters`: parameters set by the user that will be added to the campaign JSON

property json

Property to transform the object in JSON

static load_from_file(*filename: str*) → *object*

Load a campaign from a JSON file.

Parameters `filename` – Path to the campaign file

Returns: an initialized *EMODCampaign* instance

static load_from_dict(*data: Dict*) → *object*

Create a campaign object from a dict. :param `data`: The dictionary containing the data

Returns: an initialized *EMODCampaign* instance

clear() → NoReturn

Clear all campaign events

get_events_at(*timestep: int*) → List[Dict]

Get a list of events happening at the specified timestep. Does not take into account recurrence and only consider start timestep. :param timestep: selected timestep

Returns: list of events

get_events_with_name(*name: str*) → List[Dict]

Get a list of events with the given name. This search is based on the *Event_Name* key of events. :param name: Name of the events

Returns: list of events

add_event(*event: Dict*) → NoReturn

Add the given event to the campaign event. :param event: The event to add

add_events(*events: List[Dict]*) → NoReturn

Add a list of events to the campaign events. :param events: List of events to add

emodpy.emod_file module

class emodpy.emod_file.**InputFilesList**(*relative_path=None*)

Bases: idmtools.assets.asset_collection.AssetCollection

abstract set_task_config(*simulation*)

gather_assets() → List[idmtools.assets.asset.Asset]

Gather input files for Input File List

Returns:

class emodpy.emod_file.**MigrationTypes**(*value*)

Bases: enum.Enum

An enumeration.

LOCAL = 'Local'

AIR = 'Air'

FAMILY = 'Family'

REGIONAL = 'Regional'

SEA = 'Sea'

class emodpy.emod_file.**MigrationModel**(*value*)

Bases: enum.Enum

An enumeration.

NO_MIGRATION = 'NO_MIGRATION'

FIXED_RATE_MIGRATION = 'FIXED_RATE_MIGRATION'

class emodpy.emod_file.**MigrationPattern**(*value*)

Bases: enum.Enum

An enumeration.

RANDOM_WALK_DIFFUSION = 'RANDOM_WALK_DIFFUSION'

SINGLE_ROUND_TRIPS = 'SINGLE_ROUND_TRIPS'

```
WAYPOINTS_HOME = 'WAYPOINTS_HOME'
```

```
class emodpy.emod_file.MigrationFiles(relative_path=None)
```

```
Bases: emodpy.emod_file.InputFilesList
```

```
enable_migration()
```

Enables migration and sets the pattern if defined. If there are not other other parameters, it also set *Enable_Migration_Heterogeneity* to 0

```
update_migration_pattern(migration_pattern: emodpy.emod_file.MigrationPattern, **kwargs) → NoReturn
```

Update migration pattern

Parameters

- **migration_pattern** – Migration Pattern to use
- ****kwargs** –

Returns NoReturn

```
add_migration_from_file(migration_type: emodpy.emod_file.MigrationTypes, file_path: str, multiplier: float = 1)
```

Add migration info from a file

Parameters

- **migration_type** – Type of migration
- **file_path** – Path to file
- **multiplier** – Multiplier

Returns:

```
set_task_config(task: EMODTask)
```

Update the task with the migration configuration

Parameters **task** – Task to update

Returns:

```
gather_assets()
```

Gather assets for Migration files. Called by EMODTask Returns:

```
set_all_persisted()
```

Set all migration assets as persisted

Returns:

```
merge_with(mf: emodpy.emod_file.MigrationFiles, left_precedence: bool = True) → NoReturn
```

Merge migration file with other Migration file

Parameters

- **mf** – Other migration file to merge with
- **left_precedence** – Does the current object have precedence or the other object?

Returns:

```
read_config_file(config_path, asset_path)
```

Try to recreate the migration based on a given config file and an asset path :param config_path: path to the config :param asset_path: path containing the assets

```
class emodpy.emod_file.DemographicsFiles(relative_path=None)
```

```
Bases: emodpy.emod_file.InputFilesList
```

set_task_config(*task*: [EMODTask](#), *extend*: *bool = False*)

Set the simulation level config. If extend is true, the demographics files are appended to the list :param task: :param extend:

Returns:

add_demographics_from_file(*absolute_path*: *str*, *filename*: *Optional[str] = None*)

Add demographics from a file

Parameters

- **absolute_path** – Path to file
- **filename** – Optional filename. If not provided, the file name of source file will be used

Returns:

add_demographics_from_dict(*content*: *Dict*, *filename*: *str*)

Add demographics from a dictionary object

Parameters

- **content** – Dictionary Content
- **filename** – Filename to call demographics file

Returns:

class `emodpy.emod_file.ClimateFileType`(*value*)

Bases: [enum.Enum](#)

An enumeration.

AIR_TEMPERATURE = 'Air_Temperature'

LAND_TEMPERATURE = 'Land_Temperature'

RELATIVE_HUMIDITY = 'Relative_Humidity'

RAINFALL = 'Rainfall'

class `emodpy.emod_file.ClimateModel`(*value*)

Bases: [enum.Enum](#)

An enumeration.

CLIMATE_OFF = 'CLIMATE_OFF'

CLIMATE_CONSTANT = 'CLIMATE_CONSTANT'

CLIMATE_KOPPEN = 'CLIMATE_KOPPEN'

CLIMATE_BY_DATA = 'CLIMATE_BY_DATA'

class `emodpy.emod_file.ClimateFiles`

Bases: [emodpy.emod_file.InputFilesList](#)

set_task_config(*task*: [EMODTask](#))

Set the task Config. Set all the correct files for the climate.

Parameters **task** – Task to config

add_climate_files(*file_type*, *file_path*)

gather_assets()

Gather assets for Climate files. Called by EMODTask

```
set_climate_constant(Base_Air_Temperature, Base_Rainfall, Base_Land_Temperature=None,  
                     Base_Relative_Humidity=None)
```

```
read_config_file(config_path, asset_path)
```

Try to recreate the climate based on a given config file and an asset path :param config_path: path to the config :param asset_path: path containing the assets

emodpy.emod_task module

```
emodpy.emod_task.dev_mode = False
```

Note that these 3 functions could be member functions of EMODTask but Python modules are already pretty good at being 'static classes'.

```
emodpy.emod_task.add_ep4_from_path(task, ep4_path='EP4')
```

Add embedded Python scripts from a given path.

```
emodpy.emod_task.default_ep4_fn(task, ep4_path=None)
```

```
class emodpy.emod_task.EMODTask(command: typing.Union[str,  
                                idmtools.entities.command_line.CommandLine] = <property object>,  
                                platform_requirements:  
                                typing.Set[idmtools.entities.platform_requirements.PlatformRequirements]  
                                = <factory>, _ITask__pre_creation_hooks: typ-  
                                ing.List[typing.Callable[[typing.Union[idmtools.entities.simulation.Simulation,  
                                idmtools.entities.iworkflow_item.IWorkflowItem],  
                                idmtools.entities.iplatform.IPlatform], typing.NoReturn]] = <factory>,  
                                _ITask__post_creation_hooks: typ-  
                                ing.List[typing.Callable[[typing.Union[idmtools.entities.simulation.Simulation,  
                                idmtools.entities.iworkflow_item.IWorkflowItem],  
                                idmtools.entities.iplatform.IPlatform], typing.NoReturn]] = <factory>,  
                                common_assets: idmtools.assets.asset_collection.AssetCollection =  
                                <factory>, transient_assets:  
                                idmtools.assets.asset_collection.AssetCollection = <factory>,  
                                eradication_path: typing.Optional[str] = None, demographics:  
                                emodpy.emod_file.DemographicsFiles = <factory>, migrations:  
                                emodpy.emod_file.MigrationFiles = <factory>, reporters:  
                                emodpy.reporters.base.Reporters = <factory>, climate:  
                                emodpy.emod_file.ClimateFiles = <factory>, config: dict = <factory>,  
                                config_file_name: str = 'config.json', campaign:  
                                emodpy.emod_campaign.EMODCampaign = <factory>,  
                                simulation_demographics: emodpy.emod_file.DemographicsFiles =  
                                <factory>, simulation_migrations: emodpy.emod_file.MigrationFiles =  
                                <factory>, use_embedded_python: bool = True, is_linux: bool = False,  
                                implicit_configs: list = <factory>, use_singularity: bool = False,  
                                sif_filename: typing.Optional[str] = None)
```

Bases: `idmtools.entities.itask.ITask`

EMODTask allows easy running and configuration of EMOD Experiments and Simulations

```
eradication_path: str = None
```

Eradication path. Can also be set through config file

```
demographics: emodpy.emod_file.DemographicsFiles
```

Common Demographics

```
migrations: emodpy.emod_file.MigrationFiles
```

Common Migrations

reporters: `emodpy.reporters.base.Reporters`
Common Reports

climate: `emodpy.emod_file.ClimateFiles`
Common Climate

config: `dict`
Represents config.json

config_file_name: `str = 'config.json'`

campaign: `emodpy.emod_campaign.EMODCampaign`
Campaign configuration

simulation_demographics: `emodpy.emod_file.DemographicsFiles`
Simulation level demographics such as overlays

simulation_migrations: `emodpy.emod_file.MigrationFiles`
Simulation level migrations

use_embedded_python: `bool = True`
Add `-python-script-path` to command line

is_linux: `bool = False`

implicit_configs: `list`

use_singularity: `bool = False`

sif_filename: `str = None`

create_campaign_from_callback(*builder, params=None*)

Parameters **write_campaign** (*str*) – if not None, the path to write the campaign to

create_demog_from_callback(*builder, from_sweep=False, params=None*)

handle_implicit_configs()

Execute the implicit config functions created by the demographics builder.

classmethod from_default2(*eradication_path, schema_path, param_custom_cb=None, config_path='config.json', campaign_builder=None, ep4_custom_cb=<function default_ep4_fn>, demog_builder=None, plugin_report=None, serial_pop_files=None, write_default_config=None, ep4_path=None, **kwargs*) → `emodpy.emod_task.EMODTask`

Create a task from emod-api Defaults

Parameters

- **eradication_path** – Path to Eradication binary.
- **schema_path** – Path to schema.json.
- **param_custom_cb** – Function that sets parameters for config.
- **campaign_builder** – Function that builds the campaign.
- **ep4_custom_cb** – Function that sets EP4 assets. There are 4 options for specifying EP4 scripts: 1) Set `ep4_custom_cb=None`. This just says “don’t even attempt to use EP4 scripts”. Not the default. 2) All defaults. This uses the built-in ep4 scripts (inside emodpy module) which does some standard pre- and post-processing. You can’t edit these scripts. 3) Set the (new) `ep4_path` to your local path where your custom scripts are. Leave out `ep4_custom_cb` so it uses the default function (but with your path). 4) Power mode where

you set `ep4_custom_cb` to your own function which gives you all the power. Probably don't need this.

- **demog_builder** – Function that builds the demographics configuration and optional migration configuration.
- **plugin_report** – Custom reports file.
- **serial_pop_files** – Input “.dtk” serialized population files.
- **config_path** – Optional filename for the generated `config.json`, if you don't like that name.
- **write_default_config** – Set to true if you want to have the `default_config.json` written locally for inspection.
- **ep4_path** – See `ep4_custom_cb` section.

Returns `EMODTask`

classmethod `from_files`(*eradication_path=None, config_path=None, campaign_path=None, demographics_paths=None, ep4_path=None, custom_reports_path=None, asset_path=None, **kwargs*)

Load custom EMOD files when creating `EMODTask`.

Parameters

- **asset_path** – If an asset path is passed, the climate, dlls, and migrations will be searched there
- **eradication_path** – The `eradication.exe` path.
- **config_path** – The custom configuration file.
- **campaign_path** – The custom campaign file.
- **demographics_paths** – The custom demographics files (single file or a list).
- **custom_reports_path** – Custom reports file

Returns: An initialized experiment

load_files(*config_path=None, campaign_path=None, custom_reports_path=None, demographics_paths=None, asset_path=None*) → `NoReturn`

Load files in the experiment/base_simulation.

Parameters

- **asset_path** – Path to find assets
- **config_path** – Configuration file path
- **campaign_path** – Campaign file path
- **demographics_paths** – Demographics file path
- **custom_reports_path** – Path for the custom reports file

pre_creation(*parent: Union[idmtools.entities.simulation.Simulation, idmtools.entities.iworkflow_item.IWorkflowItem], platform: idmtools.entities.iplatform.IPlatform*)

Call before a task is executed. This ensures our configuration is properly done

set_command_line() → `NoReturn`

Build and set the command line object.

Returns:

set_sif(*path_to_sif*) → NoReturn

Set the Singularity Image File.

Returns:

gather_common_assets() → `idmtools.assets.asset_collection.AssetCollection`

Gather Experiment Level Assets Returns:

gather_transient_assets() → `idmtools.assets.asset_collection.AssetCollection`

Gather assets that are per simulation Returns:

copy_simulation(*base_simulation: idmtools.entities.simulation.Simulation*) → `idmtools.entities.simulation.Simulation`

Called when making copies of a simulation.

Here we deep copy parts of the simulation to ensure we don't accidentally update objects :param base_simulation: Base Simulation

Returns:

set_parameter(*name: str, value: any*) → dict

Set a value in the EMOD config.json file. This will be deprecated in the future in favour of `emod_api.config`.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of parameter to set
- **value** – Value to set

Returns Tags to set

static set_parameter_sweep_callback(*simulation: idmtools.entities.simulation.Simulation, param: str, value: Any*) → `Dict[str, Any]`

Convenience callback for sweeps

Parameters

- **simulation** – Simulation we are updating
- **param** – Parameter
- **value** – Value

Returns Tags to set on simulation

classmethod set_parameter_partial(*parameter: str*)

Convenience callback for sweeps

Parameters **parameter** – Parameter to set

Returns:

get_parameter(*name: str, default: Optional[Any] = None*)

Get a parameter in the simulation.

Parameters

- **name** – The name of the parameter.
- **default** – Optional, the default value.

Returns The value of the parameter.

update_parameters(*params*)

Bulk update the configuration parameter values. This will be deprecated in the future in favour of `emod_api.config`.

Parameters `params` – A dictionary with new values.

Returns None

reload_from_simulation(*simulation: idmtools.entities.simulation.Simulation*)

Optional hook that is called when loading simulations from a platform.

classmethod get_file_from_comps(*exp_id, filename*)

Get file or files from COMPS. Retrieve all files named <filename> in experiment <exp_id> and put them in a local directory called exp_id. On linux, this is under “latest_experiment”. This function will eventually be added to pyCOMPS.

classmethod handle_experiment_completion(*experiment*)

Handle experiment completion in consistent way, pull down stderr on failure.

Parameters `parameter` – experiment reference

Returns:

class `emodpy.emod_task.EMODTaskSpecification`

Bases: `idmtools.registry.task_specification.TaskSpecification`

get(*configuration: dict*) → `emodpy.emod_task.EMODTask`

Return an EMODTask object using provided configuration :param configuration: Configuration for Task

Returns EMODTask for configuration

get_description() → `str`

Defines a description of the plugin

Returns Plugin description

get_example_urls() → `List[str]`

Return a list of examples. This is used by the examples cli command to allow users to quickly load examples locally

Returns List of urls to examples

get_type() → `Type[emodpy.emod_task.EMODTask]`

Returns the Task type defined by specification

Returns:

get_version() → `str`

Return the version string for EMODTask. This should be the module version so return that

Returns Version

emodpy.utils module

class `emodpy.utils.EradicationPlatformExtension(value)`

Bases: `enum.Enum`

An enumeration.

LINUX = ''

Windows = '.exe'

class `emodpy.utils.EradicationBambooBuilds(value)`

Bases: `enum.Enum`

An enumeration.

GENERIC_LINUX = 'DTKGENCI-SCONSLNXGEN'

```

GENERIC_WIN = 'DTKGENCI-SCONSWINGEN'
GENERIC = 'DTKGENCI-SCONSLNXGEN'
TBHIV_LINUX = 'DTKTBHIVCI-SCONSRELLNXTBHIV'
TBHIV_WIN = 'DTKTBHIVCI-SCONSWINTBHIV'
TBHIV = 'DTKTBHIVCI-SCONSRELLNXTBHIV'
MALARIA_LINUX = 'DTKMALCI-SCONSLNXMAL'
MALARIA_WIN = 'DTKMALCI-SCONSWINMAL'
MALARIA = 'DTKMALCI-SCONSLNXMAL'
HIV_LINUX = 'DTKHIVCI-SCONSRELLNXHIV'
HIV_WIN = 'DTKHIVCI-RELWINHIV'
HIV = 'DTKHIVCI-SCONSRELLNXHIV'
DENGUE_LINUX = 'DTKDENGCI-SCONSRELLNX'
DENGUE_WIN = 'DTKDENGCI-VSRELWINALL'
DENGUE = 'DTKDENGCI-SCONSRELLNX'
FP_LINUX = 'DTKFPCI-SCONSRELLNX'
FP_WIN = 'DTKFPCI-SCONSWINFP'
FP = 'DTKFPCI-SCONSRELLNX'
TYPHOID_LINUX = 'DTKTYPHCI-SCONSRELLNX'
TYPHOID_WIN = 'DTKTYPHCI-SCONSWINENV'
TYPHOID = 'DTKTYPHCI-SCONSRELLNX'
EMOD_RELEASE = 'EMODREL-SCONSRELLNX'
RELEASE = 'DTKREL-SCONSRELLNX'

```

```
class emodpy.utils.BambooArtifact(value)
```

```
Bases: enum.Flag
```

An enumeration.

```
ERADICATION = 1
```

```
SCHEMA = 2
```

```
PLUGINS = 4
```

```
ALL = 7
```

```
emodpy.utils.get_github_eradication_url(version: str, extension:
```

```
emodpy.utils.EradicationPlatformExtension =
EradicationPlatformExtension.LINUX) → str
```

Get the github eradication url for specified release

Parameters

- **version** – Release to fetch
- **extension** – Optional extensions. Defaults to Linux(None)

Returns Url of eradication release

`emodpy.utils.save_bamboo_credentials(username, password)`

Save bamboo api login credentials using keyring.

Parameters

- **username** (*str*) – bamboo api login username (e.g. `somebody@idmod.org`)
- **password** (*str*) – bamboo api login password

`emodpy.utils.bamboo_api_login()`

Automatically login to bamboo, prompt for credentials if none are cached or there's no login session.

`emodpy.utils.download_bamboo_artifacts(plan_key: str, build_num: Optional[str] = None, scheduled_builds_only: bool = True, artifact: emodpy.utils.BambooArtifact = BambooArtifact.ERADICATION, out_path: Optional[str] = None) → list`

Downloads artifact(s) for a DTK Bamboo build plan to the specified path

Parameters

- **plan_key** (*str*) –
- **build_num** (*str*) –
- **scheduled_builds_only** (*bool*) –
- **artifact** (`BambooArtifact`) –
- **out_path** (*str*) – Output path to save file (default to current directory)

Returns Returns list of downloaded files on filesystem

`emodpy.utils.download_latest_bamboo(plan: emodpy.utils.EradicationBambooBuilds, scheduled_builds_only: bool = True, out_path: Optional[str] = None) → str`

Downloads the Eradication binary for the latest successful build for a Bamboo Plan to specified path. Exists for backward compatibility, just a pass-thru to `download_latest_eradication()`.

Parameters

- **plan** – Bamboo Plan key. for supported build
- **out_path** – Output path to save file (default to current directory)

Returns Returns local filename of downloaded file

`emodpy.utils.download_latest_eradication(plan: emodpy.utils.EradicationBambooBuilds, scheduled_builds_only: bool = True, out_path: Optional[str] = None) → str`

Downloads the Eradication binary for the latest successful build for a Bamboo Plan to specified path.

Parameters

- **plan** – Bamboo Plan key. for supported build
- **out_path** – Output path to save file (default to current directory)

Returns Returns local filename of downloaded file

`emodpy.utils.download_latest_reporters(plan: emodpy.utils.EradicationBambooBuilds, scheduled_builds_only: bool = True, out_path: Optional[str] = None) → list`

Downloads the reporter plugins for the latest successful build for a Bamboo Plan to specified path.

Parameters

- **plan** – Bamboo Plan key. for supported build
- **out_path** – Output path to save file (default to current directory)

Returns Returns list of local filenames of downloaded files

`emodpy.utils.download_latest_schema(plan: emodpy.utils.EradicationBambooBuilds, scheduled_builds_only: bool = True, out_path: Optional[str] = None) → str`

Downloads the schema.json for the latest successful build for a Bamboo Plan to specified path.

Parameters

- **plan** – Bamboo Plan key. for supported build
- **out_path** – Output path to save file (default to current directory)

Returns Returns local filename of downloaded file

`emodpy.utils.download_from_url(url, out_path: Optional[str] = None) → str`

`emodpy.utils.download_eradication(url: str, cache_path: str = None, spinner=None)`

Downloads Eradication binary

Useful for downloading binaries from Bamboo or Github

Parameters

- **url** – Url to binary
- **cache_path** – Optional output directory
- **spinner** – Spinner object

Returns Full path to output file

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

As you get started with emodpy, you may have questions. The most common questions are answered below. If you are using a disease-specific emodpy package, see the FAQs from that package for additional guidance. For questions related to functionality in related packages, see the following documentation:

- [Frequently asked questions for EMOD](#)
- [Frequently asked questions for idmtools](#)
- [Frequently asked questions for emod-api](#)

Contents

- *Why does emodpy download a new Eradication binary each time I run?*
- *What is the purpose of manifest.py?*
- *I want to load a demographics.json file, not create one programmatically.*
- *What happens if I don't connect to the VPN?*
- *Why are the example.py scripts read from the bottom?*
- *My simulation failed on COMPS but I didn't get an error until then*
- *How do I make my sim run inside a custom environment (on COMPS) for the first time?*
- *Is there a Singularity Image File that lets me run a version of the model that's built against Python3.9?*
- *What if I need a new or different SIF with a different custom environment?*

11.1 Why does emodpy download a new Eradication binary each time I run?

emodpy is designed to work much like a web browser: when you go to a website, the browser downloads html, png, and other files. If you visit the page again, it downloads them again so you always have the most current files. We want emodpy to work in much the same way. When you run simulations, emodpy will download the latest tested binary, schema, and supporting files that from the relevant EMOD ongoing branch.

However, if you need the stability of working from an older version, you can pass a Bamboo build number to `emodpy.bamboo.get_model_files()` to download that build instead. If you want to manually add a binary and corresponding schema in the downloads directory to use, comment out the call to `emodpy.bamboo.get_model_files()` and nothing new will be downloaded.

11.2 What is the purpose of manifest.py?

The manifest.py file contains *all* of your input and output paths in a single location. It also includes the path where model binaries (and associated schema) are downloaded to and uploaded from. Although you may ignore these files, it can be helpful to reference the schema for parameter information and have access to the binary itself.

11.3 I want to load a demographics.json file, not create one programmatically.

Okay, but be aware that one of the benefits of emodpy and emod-api is that you get guaranteed consistency between demographics and configuration parameters to meet all interdependencies. However, if you want to use a raw demographics.json that you are very confident in, you can open that in your demographics builder. For example:

```
def build_demog():
    import emod_api.demographics.Demographics as Demographics
    demog = Demographics.from_file( "demographics.json" )
    return demog
```

11.4 What happens if I don't connect to the VPN?

You must be connected to the IDM VPN to access Bamboo and download the Eradication binaries (including plug-ins and schema). As an alternative, comment out the call to `emodpy.bamboo.get_model_files()` in the code and run the following (where “emod-disease” can be “emodpy-hiv”, “emodpy-malaria”, or “emod-measles”):

```
pip install emod-disease --upgrade
python -m emod-disease.bootstrap
```

The model files will be in a subdirectory called “stash.”

11.5 Why are the example.py scripts read from the bottom?

A Python script's “main” block, which is also the entry point to the run script, appears at the end so that all the functions in the script have been parsed and are available. It is a common convention to structure the call flow bottom-up because of that.

11.6 My simulation failed on COMPS but I didn't get an error until then

The OS of the requested Bamboo build plan and the OS of the target platform need to match. For example, if your target platform is Calculon, the default, you'll have to request a Linux build from Bamboo. There are no protections at this time (nor planned) to catch such misconfigurations.

11.7 How do I make my sim run inside a custom environment (on COMPS) for the first time?

There are 3 small steps for this:

1. Add a line of code:

```
task.set_sif( manifest.sif )
```

to your main Python script, after the task variable has been created.

2. Add a line to your manifest.py file like:

```
sif = "emod_sif.id"
```

3. Create a new file called 'emod_sif.id' – just match the name you used in step 2 – and put an asset collection id in it. At time of writing, this is the tested SIF asset id in the Calculon environment for running EMOD with Python3.9 and emod-api pre-installed:

```
f1e6b032-47b7-ec11-a9f6-9440c9be2c51
```

You can find a quasi-catalog of available SIF ids here: https://github.com/InstituteForDiseaseModeling/singularity_image_files/tree/master/emod.

Note that you can of course just do this in one step, and add a line of code to your script like:

```
task.set_sif( "f1e6b032-47b7-ec11-a9f6-9440c9be2c51" )
```

But it's much preferred to follow the above pattern so that future changes to use another SIF can be isolated to the resource file.

11.8 Is there a Singularity Image File that lets me run a version of the model that's built against Python3.9?

Yes. Assuming you already have a `task.set_sif()` call in your script, replace the current contents of your `dtk_centos.id` (or `emod_sif.id`) file with the following: `f1e6b032-47b7-ec11-a9f6-9440c9be2c51`. You may want to back up your existing version of that file.

11.9 What if I need a new or different SIF with a different custom environment?

Anyone is free to create SIFs for themselves and use those. COMPS can build SIFs for you provided a 'recipe' – `.def` file. There are people at IDM who can do it on their desktops. Bear in mind Singularity really only installs on Linux.

GLOSSARY

The following terms describe both the features and functionality of the emodpy software, as well as information relevant to using emodpy.

asset collection The set of specific input files (such as input parameters, weather or migration data, or other configuration settings) required for running a simulation.

assets See asset collection.

builder TBD

experiment A collection of multiple simulations, typically sent to an HPC.

high-performance computing (HPC) The use of parallel processing for running advanced applications efficiently, reliably, and quickly.

task TBD

template TBD

CHANGELOG

13.1 1.1.0

13.1.1 Additional Changes

- #0001 - Fix emod tests
- #0024 - Support of Kurt's workflows in idmtools
- #0070 - Custom_reporters.json does not get automatically added?

13.1.2 Bugs

- #0011 - task with simulation level demographics not work
- #0012 - How to add custom simulation tags from task?
- #0040 - examples- emod_model- serialization- 03_parameter_reload getting wrong campaign
- #0042 - We should make EMODSir default work with eradication
- #0043 - Wired campaign format error
- #0044 - Examples- create_sims_pre_and_post_process.py should import config_update_parameters correctly
- #0055 - Creation of campaign.json will fail in AC in COMPS - cannot overwrite AC files
- #0059 - EmodTask.pre_post_process should be renamed
- #0069 - Fix create_serialized_sims_reload and create_sims_from_default_run_analyzer examples
- #0072 - custom_reports.json - not all of them have "enabled", but code assumes they do
- #0073 - Climate_Model should be set to whatever it is set in config.json when from_files is used.
- #0075 - custom_reports: when reading my ReportNodeDemographics report, one of the parameters is not read in

13.1.3 Developer/Test

- #0015 - Add changelog script
- #0039 - Rename repo to emodpy

13.1.4 Documentation

- #0007 - Automate docs
- #0008 - Document a simple example of running DTK in idmtools
- #0045 - examples- emod_model- post_process_command_task- needs some mortality
- #0061 - make docs failed

13.1.5 Feature Request

- #0028 - We should implement reload_from_simulation() for EMODTask
- #0030 - Support of a list of campaign events
- #0032 - Utility function to create a campaign event
- #0033 - Support of reporters for EMOD
- #0034 - Support of schema defaults
- #0063 - Support of climate files

13.1.6 Models

- #0014 - Need to add `-python-script-path` option to EMODTask arguments
- #0029 - Modifications of base config parameters

13.1.7 Platforms

- #0021 - SSMT Build as part of GithubActions

13.1.8 User Experience

- #0037 - Add examples url to plugins specifications and then each plugin if they have examples
- #0049 - Add system tags for EMODTask

13.2 1.2.0

13.2.1 Additional Changes

- #0091 - Eradication.exe can't consume emodpy_covid installed in a virtual environment (Windows)

13.2.2 Bugs

- #0054 - examplescreate_sims_eradication_from_github_url.py failed
- #0098 - Few migration bugs

13.2.3 Documentation

- #0060 - Help with repro: dtk_pre_process executed twice before simulation attempted

13.2.4 Feature Request

- #0036 - Creation of migration file from code
- #0090 - We should have utils to download Eradication by giving url

13.2.5 User Experience

- #0047 - Directly use Eradication.exe from bamboo url seems not working
- #0068 - emodpyutils.py needs more robust solution for getting Eradication.exe paths

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